

BERJAYA PHILIPPINES, INC.

(Company's Full Name)

9/F Rufino Pacific Tower, 6784 Ayala Avenue corner V.A. Rufino
(formerly Herrera) Street, Makati City

(Company's Address)

811-0668 / 810-1814

(Telephone Number)

APRIL 30

any day in the month of October

(Fiscal Year Ending)
(month and day)

(Annual Meeting)

November 2024

(Term Expiring On)

SEC Form 17-Q for the quarter ended 31 July 2015

(Form Type)

N.A.

(Amendment Designation, if applicable)

(Period Ended Date)

N.A.

(Secondary License Type and File Number)

Cashier

LCU

DTU

Pre War 476
S.E.C Registration Number

Central Receiving Unit

File Number

Document I.D.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE
SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17 (2)(b) THEREUNDER

1. For the quarterly period ended **31 July 2015**
2. SEC Identification Number **476**
3. BIR Tax Identification No. **001-289-374**
4. Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter **BERJAYA PHILIPPINES, INC.**
5. Province, Country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization **Manila, Philippines**
6. Industry Classification Code: (SEC Use Only)
7. Address of Issuer's principal office
9/F Rufino Pacific Tower, 6784 Ayala Avenue, corner Herrera Street, Makati City, M.M.
8. Issuer's telephone number, including area code
(632) 811-0540
9. Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report
Former Name: **PRIME GAMING PHILIPPINES INC.**
Former Address: **29/F Rufino Pacific Tower, 6784 Ayala Avenue, corner Herrera Street, Makati City, M.M.**
Former Fiscal Year **July 1 – June 30**

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC, or Sections 4 & 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Stock Outstanding
COMMON	953,984,448

11. Are any or all of these securities listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange?

Yes [] No []

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of The Corporation Code of the Philippines during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports);

Yes [] No []

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [] No []

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

See Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as of 31 July 2015, attached hereto as Annex "A", and Aging Schedule of Accounts Receivables as of 31 July 2015 attached hereto as Annex "B". For the basic earnings per share, the "weighted average number of shares outstanding" is added to the face of the Interim Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The Corporation's principal activity is investment holding. Since 1998, it has 100% equity ownership of Philippine Gaming Management Corporation (PGMC) whose principal activity is leasing of on-line lottery equipment and providing software support.

There is no change during the year in PGMC's principal activity as a domestic corporation involved principally in the business of leasing on-line lottery equipment and providing software support. Revenue from the lease of on-line lottery equipment, and maintenance and repair services are recognized based on certain percentage of gross receipts from lottery ticket sales.

In July 2010, the Corporation invested in Berjaya Pizza Philippines Inc. (BPPI), a corporation engaged in the manufacture, sale and distribution of food and beverages, and to operate, own, franchise, license or deal in restaurant related business operations. The Corporation's current equity or interest in BPPI is equivalent to thirty percent (30%).

In December 2010, the Corporation acquired a 223 room hotel which operated as Best Western Astor Hotel until 16 March 2010. The acquisition was made by the Corporation's subsidiary Perdana Hotel Philippines Inc. (PHPI) under the business name Berjaya Makati Hotel. The Corporation subscribed to forty percent (40%) of the shares of stock of Perdana Land Philippines Inc. which owns the land leased by Perdana Hotel Philippines Inc.

In August 2012, the Corporation invested in Berjaya Auto Philippines Inc., a corporation engaged in the sale and distribution of all types of motor vehicles. On 12 September 2012, Berjaya Auto Philippines Inc. entered into Distributorship Agreement with Mazda Motor Corporation of Japan for the distribution of vehicles bearing the Mazda brand within the territory of the Philippines. The Corporation has a 30% equity in Berjaya Auto Philippines Inc.

In September 2012, the Corporation invested in Cosway Philippines Inc. (CPI), primarily to engage in the wholesale of various products. CPI has not yet started its commercial operations. The Corporation's equity or interest in CPI is equivalent to 40%.

In October 2013, the Corporation gained control over H.R. Owen Plc (HRO) through acquisition of additional shares. H.R. Owen, incorporated in England, operates a number of vehicle franchises in the prestige and specialist car market for both sales and after sales, predominantly in the London area. The Corporation current equity or interest equivalent to 72.03%.

Comparable Discussion on Material Changes in Results of Operations for the Three Months' Period Ended 31 July 2015 vs. 31 July 2014

The Corporation generated total revenues from subsidiaries amounting to Php6,884,399,609 for the three months ended 31 July 2015, an increase of 6.6% over total revenue of Php6,458,277,948 during the same period in 2014. The increase was due to higher revenues received from subsidiaries.

The Corporation's total operating expenses for the three months ended 31 July 2015 increased by 6.2% to Php6,528,196,185 from Php6,147,715,493 for the same period in 2014. The increase in operating expenses resulted mainly from the subsidiaries, as a result of an increase in the cost of vehicles sold, salaries and employee benefits, professional fees, maintenance of computer equipment, transportation and travel, taxes and licenses, representation and entertainment, cost of food and beverage and other general and administrative expenses.

As of 31 July 2015, the Corporation posted a net income of Php324,766,156, an increase of 45.8% or Php101,953,743 from Php222,812,413 during the same period last year, due to increase in other income mainly due to increase in finance income, equity share in net income and unrealized gain on foreign translation of investments.

Comparable Discussion on Material Changes in Financial Condition as of 31 July 2015 vs. 30 April 2015

On a consolidated base, Total Assets as of 31 July 2015 increased to Php14,002,775,649 from Php13,120,772,387 reported for the previous fiscal year. The current assets increased to Php9,278,033,858 from Php8,380,040,012 mainly due to an increase in trade receivables, inventories, and prepayments and other current assets.

The consolidated cash position of the Corporation decreased from Php1,145,905,764 to Php947,954,181 due payment for future acquisition of investments.

Meanwhile, trade and other receivables increased to Php2,555,192,540 from Php2,170,154,611. The collections of payments by the subsidiaries are still prompt. The increase in prepayments and other current assets from Php627,544,512 to Php670,168,550 is primarily caused by an increase in other receivables.

Available for sale financial assets decreased to Php1,072,922,960 from Php1,130,764,251 due to fair value losses recognized during this period.

Property and equipment decreased to Php1,391,490,161 from Php1,432,357,880 due to depreciation for the current period.

Intangible assets amounted to Php1,875,965,962 which composed of (a) Goodwill representing an excess in the acquisition cost over the fair value of identifiable net assets of H.R. Owen and PGMC at the date the Parent company acquired control over them and, (b) Dealership rights were determined as separately identifiable intangible assets acquired separately from the net assets of H.R. Owen. In August 2014, H.R. Owen acquired a Bentley dealership in Barnet, North London, in order to provide operational and cost synergies.

As of 31 July 2015, Trade Payables decreased to Php2,591,870,524 from Php2,798,061,182 due to decrease in trade payables and advances from customers.

Total Consolidated Liabilities increased to Php6,541,406,694 as of 31 July 2015 compared to Php6,018,454,716 as of last fiscal year. This is primarily due to an increase of loans payable and borrowings and income tax.

Total stockholders' equity increased to Php7,461,368,955 from Php7,102,317,671 and the book value per share increased to Php8.59 compared with a book value of Php8.18 in the previous fiscal year.

Comparable Discussion on Material Changes in Cash Flows for the Three Months Period Ended 31 July 2015 vs. 31 July 2014

The consolidated cash and cash equivalents for 31 July 2015 decreased to Php947,954,181 from Php992,721,138 for the same period last year. The decrease is mainly attributable to payment for future acquisition of investments and reduction of payables.

Key Performance Indicators

The Corporation monitors its performance and benchmarks itself to prior years' results in terms of the following indicators:

	As of 31 Jul 2015	As of 30 April 2015
<u>Liquidity Ratios</u>		
Current ratio	1.42:1.00	1.41:1.00
<u>Leverage Ratios</u>		
Debt to Equity	0.65%	0.67%

	For the (3) Months Ended	
	31 Jul 2015	31 Jul 2014
<u>Activity Ratio</u>		
Annualized PPE Turnover	19.79 times	18.28 times
<u>Profitability Ratios</u>		
Annualized Return on Average Equity	17.94%	13.38%
Annualized Return on Average Assets	9.28%	7.26%

The Corporation used the following computations in obtaining the above indicators:

Key Performance Indicators	Formulas
Current Ratio	$\frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$
Debt to Equity Ratio	$\frac{\text{Total Long Term Liabilities}}{\text{Stockholders' Equity}}$
PPE Turnover	$\frac{\text{Net Revenues}}{\text{Property, Plant \& Equipment (Net)}}$
Return on Average Equity	$\frac{\text{Net Income}}{\text{Average Equity}}$
Return on Average Assets	$\frac{\text{Net Income}}{\text{Average Total Assets}}$

Arising from the above, the current ratio of the Corporation has marginally increased to 1.42:1 from 1:41 compared to the last fiscal year. This is due to the increase in the current assets mainly caused by an increase in trade and other receivables, inventories and prepayments. The Corporation and its subsidiaries are still in good liquidity position.

The leverage ratio is still marginal at 0.65% as there is no long-term debt except for the provision of Php45,638,380 for retirement benefits as mandated under the Republic Act 7641 (Retirement Law).

The annualized PPE turnover increased to 19.79 times from 18.28 times due to significant increase in net revenue offset by plant, property and equipment (net). The plant, property and equipment (net) decreased from Php1,413,314,534 to Php1,391,490,161 for the corresponding period mainly due to depreciation for the period under review.

The annualized return on average equity and return on average total assets increased this quarter as a result of increase in net income versus increase in equities and total assets compared to the previous period.

Barring any unforeseen circumstances, the Corporation's Board of Directors is confident that the operating financial performances of the Corporation and its subsidiary are expected to be satisfactory in the coming period.

- i) There is no known trend, event or uncertainty that has or is reasonably likely to have an impact on the Corporation' short term or long-term liquidity.
- ii) The liquidity of the subsidiaries would continue to be generated from the collections of revenue from customers. There is no requirement for external funding for liquidity.
- iii) There is no known trend, event or uncertainty that has or that is reasonably expected to have a material impact on the net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations.
- v) There is no significant element of income or loss that would arise from the Group's continuing operations.

vi) There is no cause for any material change from period to period in one or more of the line items of the Corporation's financial statements.

vii) There were no seasonal aspects that had a material impact effect on the financial conditions or results of operations.

Separate Disclosures regarding the Financial Statements as required under SRC Rule 68.1

1) There are no items affecting the assets, liabilities, equity, net income or cash flows that are unusual because of their nature, size, or incidents.

2) There is no change in the estimates of amounts reported in prior interim periods of the current financial year or changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior financial years

3) There is no issuance, repurchase or repayment of debts and equity securities.

4) There are no material events subsequent to the end of the interim period that have not been reflected in the financial statements for the interim period.

5) There are no business combinations, acquisition or disposals subsidiaries and long-term investments, restructurings and discontinuing operations for the interim period.

6) There are no contingent liabilities or contingent assets since the last annual balance sheet date.


7) There are no material contingencies and any other events or transactions that are material to an understanding of the current interim period.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the Issuer has caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, being duly authorized, in the City of Makati on 14 September 2015.

Issuer: **BERJAYA PHILIPPINES, INC.**

By: 
MARIE LOURDES T. SIA-BERNAS
Assistant Corporate Secretary

By: 
TAN ENG HWA
Treasurer

BERJAYA PHILIPPINES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(Formerly Prime Gaming Philippines, Inc. and Subsidiaries)
[A Subsidiary of Berjaya Lottery Management (HK) Limited]
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
JULY 31, 2015 and APRIL 30, 2015
(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

Appendix A :

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Consolidated Unaudited July 31, 2015</u>	<u>Consolidated Audited April 30, 2015</u>	
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	1	P 947,954,181	P 1,145,905,764	(197,951,583)
Trade and other receivables-net	2	2,555,192,540	2,170,154,611	385,037,929
Inventories - net	3	5,013,151,960	4,373,028,498	640,123,462
Advances to associates	7	91,566,627	63,406,627	28,160,000
Prepayments and other current assets - net	4	<u>670,168,550</u>	<u>627,544,512</u>	42,624,038
Total Current Assets	P	<u>9,278,033,858</u>	<u>8,380,040,012</u>	897,993,846
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Available for sale financial assets	5	1,072,922,960	1,130,764,251	(57,841,291)
Property and equipment - net	6	1,391,490,161	1,432,357,880	(40,867,719)
Investment in associates	7	238,296,216	216,768,762	21,527,454
Advances to associates	7	131,360,000	131,360,000	0
Intangible Assets	8	1,875,965,962	1,814,957,799	61,008,163
Deferred tax assets		11,463,154	11,463,154	0
Other non-current assets		<u>3,243,338</u>	<u>3,060,529</u>	182,809
Total Non-Current Assets	P	<u>4,724,741,791</u>	<u>4,740,732,375</u>	(15,990,584)
TOTAL ASSETS	P	<u>14,002,775,649</u>	<u>13,120,772,387</u>	882,003,262
<u>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</u>				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Trade and other payables	9	P 2,591,870,524	P 2,798,061,182	(206,190,658)
Loans Payable and borrowings	10	3,707,261,548	3,047,352,561	659,908,987
Income tax payable		<u>149,688,924</u>	<u>80,949,979</u>	68,738,945
Total Current Liabilities		6,448,820,996	5,926,363,722	522,457,274
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Deferred Tax Liability		46,947,318	44,367,114	2,580,204
Post-employment benefit obligation		<u>45,638,380</u>	<u>47,723,880</u>	(2,085,500)
Total Non-Current Liabilities		92,585,698	92,090,994	494,704
Total Liabilities	P	<u>6,541,406,694</u>	<u>6,018,454,716</u>	522,951,978
EQUITY				
Attributable to Owners of the Parent Company		7,114,524,553	6,795,856,694	318,667,859
Attributable to non-controlling interest		<u>346,844,402</u>	<u>306,460,977</u>	40,383,425
Total Equity		<u>7,461,368,955</u>	<u>7,102,317,671</u>	359,051,284
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	P	<u>14,002,775,649</u>	<u>13,120,772,387</u>	882,003,262

See Notes to Financial Statements

BERJAYA PHILIPPINES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(Formerly Prime Gaming Philippines, Inc. and Subsidiaries)
[A Subsidiary of Berjaya Lottery Management (HK) Limited]
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASHFLOWS
JULY 31, 2015 and JULY 31, 2014
(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	3 Months Ended July 31, 2015	3 Months Ended July 31, 2015	3 Months Ended July 31, 2014	3 Months Ended July 31, 2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income	324,766,156	P 324,766,156	P 222,812,413	P 222,812,413
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortization	78,257,047	78,257,047	80,593,808	80,593,808
Dividend Income	(8,372,296)	(8,372,296)	(1,549,209)	(1,549,209)
Interest Income	(13,507,950)	(13,507,950)	12,314,937	12,314,937
Equity Share in net losses (income) of associates	(21,527,454)	(21,527,454)	(14,058,966)	(14,058,966)
Loss (gain) on sale of property and equipment	(587,017)	(587,017)	(879,046)	(879,046)
Loss (gain) on sale of available-for-sale assets	0	0	0	0
Unrealized foreign exchange losses (gain)	(24,495,367)	(24,495,367)	14,549,444	14,549,444
Operating income before working capital changes	334,533,119	334,533,119	313,783,381	313,783,381
Decrease / (Increase) in:				
Trade and other receivables	(385,037,929)	(385,037,929)	17,389,667	17,389,667
Inventories	(640,123,462)	(640,123,462)	(446,989,035)	(446,989,035)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(42,624,038)	(42,624,038)	(18,877,719)	(18,877,719)
Increase / (Decrease) in:				
Trade and other payables	453,718,329	453,718,329	63,897,363	63,897,363
Retirement Obligation	(2,085,500)	(2,085,500)	3,096,014	3,096,014
Cash paid for income taxes	(25,858,689)	(25,858,689)	(21,773,407)	(21,773,407)
Net cash used in operating activities	(307,478,170)	(307,478,170)	(89,473,736)	(89,473,736)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of Property and equipment	(37,389,328)	(37,389,328)	(10,836,655)	(10,836,655)
Acquisition of Available-for-sale financial assets	(12,260,321)	(12,260,321)	(35,507,070)	(35,507,070)
Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale financial assets	0	0	0	0
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	659,699	659,699	990,132	990,132
Interest Received	13,507,950	13,507,950	(12,314,937)	(12,314,937)
Cash dividends received	8,372,296	8,372,296	1,549,209	1,549,209
Advances to (collection from) associate - net	0	0	0	0
Other receipt arising from investing activities	162,837,541	162,837,541	-	-
Net cash provided by investing activities	135,727,837	135,727,837	(56,119,321)	(56,119,321)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from bank loans and borrowings	0	0	0	0
Repayment of bank loan and borrowings	0	0	(150,000,000)	(150,000,000)
Interest paid	(26,201,250)	(26,201,250)	(30,287,809)	(30,287,809)
Net cash provided by financing activities	(26,201,250)	(26,201,250)	(180,287,809)	(180,287,809)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES TO CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	0	0	(105,118)	(105,118)
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(197,951,583)	(197,951,583)	(325,985,984)	(325,985,984)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	1,145,905,764	1,145,905,764	1,318,707,122	1,318,707,122
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT ENDING OF PERIOD	P 947,954,181	P 947,954,181	P 992,721,138	P 992,721,138

See Notes to Financial Statements

	0	0
check closing cash balance with B/S	0	0
check net income in P&L	0	0

BERJAYA PHILIPPINES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(Formerly Prime Gaming Philippines, Inc. and Subsidiaries)
[A Subsidiary of Berjaya Lottery Management (HK) Limited]
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
JULY 31, 2015 and JULY 31, 2014
(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

Appendix A

	3 Months Ended July 31, 2015		3 Months Ended July 31, 2015		3 Months Ended July 31, 2014		3 Months Ended July 31, 2014	
REVENUES								
Sales of vehicles	P	6,423,677,492	P	6,423,677,492	P	6,027,831,966	P	6,027,831,966
Rental		425,503,164		425,503,164		400,717,960		400,717,960
Hotel Operations		35,218,953		35,218,953		29,728,022		29,728,022
		<u>6,884,399,609</u>		<u>6,884,399,609</u>		<u>6,458,277,948</u>		<u>6,458,277,948</u>
COSTS AND OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES								
Cost of vehicles sold		5,568,374,676		5,568,374,676		5,204,745,210		5,204,745,210
Salaries and employee benefits		417,851,151		417,851,151		410,224,697		410,224,697
Depreciation and amortization		78,257,047		78,257,047		80,593,808		80,593,808
Professional fees		66,403,583		66,403,583		56,721,518		56,721,518
Telecommunications		26,517,260		26,517,260		31,635,206		31,635,206
Maintenance of computer equipment		13,250,192		13,250,192		12,256,906		12,256,906
Marketing & Selling		99,943,567		99,943,567		125,448,216		125,448,216
Charitable Contribution		0		0		0		0
Communication, light and water		22,330,720		22,330,720		24,949,387		24,949,387
Transportation and travel		8,466,201		8,466,201		3,062,548		3,062,548
Taxes and licences		44,088,582		44,088,582		29,698,627		29,698,627
Representation and entertainment		8,966,056		8,966,056		5,768,310		5,768,310
Cost of food and beverages		2,877,234		2,877,234		2,662,371		2,662,371
Rental		70,867,236		70,867,236		74,258,596		74,258,596
Others		100,002,680		100,002,680		85,690,093		85,690,093
		<u>6,528,196,185</u>		<u>6,528,196,185</u>		<u>6,147,715,493</u>		<u>6,147,715,493</u>
OPERATING PROFIT		<u>356,203,424</u>		<u>356,203,424</u>		<u>310,562,455</u>		<u>310,562,455</u>
OTHER INCOME (CHARGES)								
Net gain on sale of available-for-sale financial assets		0		0		0		0
Net gain on fair value adjustment		0		0		0		0
Finance Income		13,507,950		13,507,950		13,864,146		13,864,146
Equity share in net income (losses)		21,527,454		21,527,454		14,058,966		14,058,966
Finance Costs		(26,201,250)		(26,201,250)		(44,837,253)		(44,837,253)
Others		72,135,120		72,135,120		15,333,351		15,333,351
		<u>80,969,274</u>		<u>80,969,274</u>		<u>(1,580,790)</u>		<u>(1,580,790)</u>
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		437,172,698		437,172,698		308,981,665		308,981,665
TAX EXPENSE		112,406,542		112,406,542		86,169,252		86,169,252
NET INCOME		<u>324,766,156</u>		<u>324,766,156</u>		<u>222,812,413</u>		<u>222,812,413</u>
Weighted average number of shares outstanding		868,256,171		868,256,171		868,256,171		868,256,171
Basic earnings per share (annualized)	P	<u>1.496</u>	P	<u>1.496</u>	P	<u>1.026</u>	P	<u>1.026</u>
CASH DIVIDENDS AT P1.00 PER SHARE	P		P		P		P	

See Notes to Financial Statements

BERJAYA PHILIPPINE INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(Formerly Prime Gaming Philippines, Inc. and Subsidiaries)
[A Subsidiary of Berjaya Lottery Management (HK) Limited]
 INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
 JULY 31, 2015 and JULY 31, 2014
(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Attributable Owners of the Parent Company										
	Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Shares	Revaluation Reserves	Other Reserves	Translation Adjustment	Retained Earnings		Total	Non-controlling Interest	Total
							Appropriated	Unappropriated			
Balance at May 1, 2015	953,984,448		(988,150,025)	118,104,045	p (14,577,611)	P (37,314,019)	6,053,262,552	710,547,440	6,795,856,850	306,460,977	7,102,317,807
Additional treasury shares acquired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends declared during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Appropriation during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-controlling interest in dividends declared from subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change in equity share in a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of prior year appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	-	(100,000,000)	100,000,000	-	-	-
Appropriation during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit or loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	297,597,226	297,597,226	27,168,930	324,766,156
Actuarial loss on remeasurement of retirement benefit obligation - net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net unrealized fair value gains on available-for-sale securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassification adjustments to profit or loss	-	-	-	(70,101,612)	-	-	-	-	(70,101,612)	-	(70,101,612)
Translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	91,172,109	-	-	91,172,109	13,214,495	104,386,604
Total equity at July 31, 2015	953,984,448		(988,150,025)	48,002,433	(14,577,611)	53,858,090	5,953,262,552	1,108,144,666	7,114,524,553	346,844,402	7,461,368,955
Balance at May 1, 2014, as restated	953,984,448		(988,150,025)	177,926,734	p (14,577,611)	p 61,410,447	4,623,262,552	1,249,978,032	6,063,834,577	p 350,610,071	6,414,444,648
Additional treasury shares acquired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends declared during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of prior year appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Appropriation during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-controlling interest in dividends declared from subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,292,372)	(10,292,372)
Profit or loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	205,463,917	205,463,917	17,348,496	222,812,413
Net unrealized fair value gains on available-for-sale securities	-	-	-	59,512,595	-	-	-	-	59,512,595	-	59,512,595
Reclassification adjustments to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	(16,719,741)	-	-	(16,719,741)	(6,492,450)	(23,212,191)
Total equity at July 31, 2014	953,984,448		(988,150,025)	237,439,329	p (14,577,611)	p 44,690,706	4,623,262,552	1,455,441,949	6,312,091,348	p 351,173,745	6,663,265,093

**BERJAYA PHILIPPINES INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
ATTACHMENTS TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF JULY 31, 2015**

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are summarized below and in the succeeding pages. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

1.1 Basis of Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

(a) Statement of Compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). PFRS are adopted by the Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC) from the pronouncements issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), and approved by the Philippine Board of Accountancy (BOA).

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the measurement bases specified by PFRS for each type of asset, liability, income and expense. The measurement bases are more fully described in the accounting policies that follow.

(b) Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*. The Group presents all items of income and expense and other comprehensive income in a single consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The Group presents a third statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period when it applies an accounting policy retrospectively, or makes a retrospective restatement or reclassification of items that has a material effect on the information in the statement of financial position at the beginning of the preceding period. The related notes to the third statement of financial position are not required to be disclosed.

(c) *Restatements in Prior Year Financial Statements*

(a) *Completion of Accounting for Acquisition of H.R. Owen*

In October 2014, the Group completed the accounting for its acquisition of H.R. Owen. The provisional amounts recognized in the 2014 consolidated financial statements, except for the consolidated statement of cashflows which was not affected, were restated to reflect facts and circumstances that existed as at the acquisition date.

(b) *Presentation of Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities*

In 2015, the Group updated its presentation of deferred tax assets and liabilities in its consolidated statement of financial position to reflect the gross amounts of the two accounts. These were originally presented in prior years at the net amount in the consolidated statement of financial position with the related gross amounts presented in the notes to consolidated financial statements.

(d) *Functional and Presentation Currency*

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine pesos, the Group's functional and presentation currency, and all values represent absolute amounts except when otherwise indicated.

Items included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group are measured using its functional currency. Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates.

1.2 *Adoption of New and Amended PFRS*

(a) *Effective in Fiscal Year 2015 that are Relevant to the Group*

In 2015, the Group adopted for the first time the following amendments and interpretation to PFRS that are relevant to the Group and effective for financial statements for the annual period beginning on or after January 1, 2014:

PAS 32 (Amendment)	:	Financial Instruments: Presentation – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
PAS 36 (Amendment)	:	Impairment of Assets – Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-financial Assets
PAS 39 (Amendment)	:	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting
Consolidation Standards		
PFRS 10 (Amendment)	:	Consolidated Financial Statements
PFRS 12 (Amendment)	:	Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities
PAS 27 (Amendment)	:	Separate Financial Statements
Philippine Interpretation		
International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) 21	:	Levies

Discussed below and in the succeeding pages are the relevant information about these amended standards and interpretation.

- (i) PAS 32 (Amendment), *Financial Instruments: Presentation – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*. The amendment provides guidance to address inconsistencies in applying the criteria for offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities. It clarifies that an entity must currently have a right of set-off that is not contingent on a future event, and must be legally enforceable in the normal course of business; in the event of default; and, in the event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the entity and all of the counterparties. The amendment also clarifies that gross settlement mechanisms (such as through a clearing house) with features that both eliminate credit and liquidity risks and process receivables and payables in a single settlement process, will satisfy the criterion for net settlement. As the Group does not currently present any of its financial assets and financial liabilities on a net basis in accordance with the provisions of PAS 32, the amendment had no effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements for any periods presented.
- (ii) PAS 36 (Amendment), *Impairment of Assets – Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-financial Assets*. The amendment clarifies that disclosure of information about the recoverable amount of individual asset (including goodwill) or a cash-generating unit is required only when an impairment loss has been recognized or reversed during the reporting period. If the recoverable amount is determined based on the asset's or cash-generating unit's fair value less cost of disposal, additional disclosures on fair value measurement required under PFRS 13, *Fair Value Measurement*, such as but not limited to the fair value hierarchy, valuation technique used and key assumptions applied should be provided in the financial statements. This amendment did not result in additional disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- (iii) PAS 39 (Amendment), *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting*. The amendment provides some relief from the requirements on hedge accounting by allowing entities to continue the use of hedge accounting when a derivative is novated to a clearing counterparty resulting in termination or expiration of the original hedging instrument as a consequence of laws and regulations, or the introduction thereof. As the Group neither enters into transactions involving derivative instruments nor does it apply hedge accounting, the amendment did not have any impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

- (iv) PFRS 10, 12 and PAS 27 (Amendments) – *Consolidated Financial Statements, Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities and Separate Financial Statements – Exemption from Consolidation for Investment Entities*. The amendments define the term “investment entity” and provide to such an investment entity an exemption from the consolidation of particular subsidiaries and instead require to measure investment in each eligible subsidiary at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with PAS 39 or PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, both in its consolidated financial statements or separate financial statements, as the case maybe. The amendments also require additional disclosures about the details of the entity’s unconsolidated subsidiaries and the nature of its relationship and certain transactions with those subsidiaries. The Group has evaluated the various facts and circumstances related to its interests in other entities and it has determined that the adoption of the foregoing amendments had no impact on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements since none of the subsidiaries qualify as an investment entity.
- (v) Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 21, *Levies*. This interpretation clarifies that the obligating event as one of the criteria under PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, for the recognition of a liability for levy imposed by a government is the activity described in the relevant legislation that triggers the payment of the levy. Accordingly, the liability is recognized in the financial statements progressively if the obligating event occurs over a period of time and if an obligation is triggered on reaching a minimum threshold, the liability is recognized when that minimum threshold is reached. This amendment had no impact on the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

There are no amendments and interpretations to PFRS effective in fiscal year 2015 that are not relevant to the Group.

(b) *Effective Subsequent to Fiscal Year 2015 but are not Adopted Early*

There are new PFRS, amendments and annual improvements and interpretation to existing standards effective for annual periods subsequent to 2015 which are adopted by the FRSC, subject to the approval of the BOA. Management will adopt the following pronouncements in accordance with their transitional provisions, and, unless otherwise stated, none of these are expected to have impact on the Group’s consolidated financial statements:

- (i) PAS 19 (Amendment), *Employee Benefits – Defined Benefit Plans – Employee Contributions* (effective from July 1, 2014). The amendment clarifies that if the amount of the contributions from employees or third parties is dependent on the number of years of service, an entity shall attribute the contributions to periods of service using the same attribution method (i.e., either using the plan’s contribution formula or on a straight-line basis) for the gross benefit.

- (ii) PAS 1 (Amendment), *Presentation of Financial Statements – Disclosure Initiative* (effective from January 1, 2016). The amendment encourages entities to apply professional judgment in presenting and disclosing information in the financial statements. Accordingly, it clarifies that materiality applies to the whole financial statements and an entity shall not reduce the understandability of the financial statements by obscuring material information with immaterial information or by aggregating material items that have different natures or functions. Moreover, the amendment clarifies that an entity's share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method should be presented based on whether or not such other comprehensive income item will subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss. It further clarifies that in determining the order of presenting the notes and disclosures, an entity shall consider the understandability and comparability of the financial statements.
- (iii) PAS 16 (Amendment), *Property, Plant and Equipment*, and PAS 38 (Amendment), *Intangible Assets – Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization* (effective from January 1, 2016). The amendment in PAS 16 clarifies that a depreciation method that is based on revenue that is generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset is not appropriate for property, plant and equipment. In addition, amendment to PAS 38 introduces a rebuttable presumption that an amortization method that is based on the revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an intangible asset is not appropriate, which can only be overcome in limited circumstances where the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue, or when it can be demonstrated that revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of an intangible asset are highly correlated. The amendment also provides guidance that the expected future reductions in the selling price of an item that was produced using the asset could indicate an expectation of technological or commercial obsolescence of an asset, which may reflect a reduction of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.
- (iv) PAS 27 (Amendment), *Separate Financial Statements – Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements* (effective from January 1, 2016). This amendment introduces a third option which permits an entity to account for its investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates under the equity method in its separate financial statements in addition to the current options of accounting those investments at cost or in accordance with PAS 39 or PFRS 9. As at the end of the reporting period, the Parent Company has no plan to change the accounting policy for its investments in its subsidiaries and associates.
- (v) PAS 28 (Amendment), *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – Investment Entities – Applying the Consolidation Exception* (effective from January 1, 2016). This amendment addresses the concerns that have arisen in the context of applying the consolidation exception for investment entities. This amendment permits a non-investment entity investor, when applying the equity method of accounting for an associate or joint venture that is an investment entity, to retain the fair value measurement applied by that investment entity associate or joint venture to its interests in subsidiaries.

- (vi) PFRS 11 (Amendment), *Joint Agreements – Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations* (effective from January 1, 2016). This amendment requires the acquirer of an interest in a joint operation in which the activity constitutes a business as defined in PFRS 3, *Business Combinations*, to apply all accounting principles and disclosure requirements on business combinations under PFRS 3 and other PFRSs, except for those principles that conflict with the guidance in PFRS 11.
- (vii) PFRS 10 (Amendment), *Consolidated Financial Statements*, and PAS 28 (Amendment), *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associates or Joint Venture* (effective from January 1, 2016). The amendment to PFRS 10 requires full recognition in the investor's financial statements of gains or losses arising on the sale or contribution of assets that constitute a business as defined in PFRS 3 between an investor and its associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the partial recognition of gains or losses (i.e., to the extent of the unrelated investor's interests in an associate or joint venture) only applies to those sale of contribution of assets that do not constitute a business. Corresponding amendment has been made to PAS 28 to reflect these changes. In addition, PAS 28 has been amended to clarify that when determining whether assets that are sold or contributed constitute a business, an entity shall consider whether the sale or contribution of those assets is part of multiple arrangements that should be accounted for as a single transaction.
- (viii) PFRS 10 (Amendment), *Consolidated Financial Statements – Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception* (effective from January 1, 2016). This amendment confirms that the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements continues to be available to a parent entity that is a subsidiary of an investment entity, even if the investment entity measures its interest in all its subsidiaries at fair value in accordance with PFRS 10. The amendment further clarifies that if an investment entity has a subsidiary that is not itself an investment entity and whose main purpose and activities are to provide services that are related to the investment activities of the investment entity parent, the latter shall consolidate that subsidiary.
- (ix) PFRS 11 (Amendment), *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities – Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception* (effective from January 1, 2016). The amendment clarifies that an investment entity that measures all its subsidiaries at fair value should provide the disclosures required by PFRS 12.
- (x) PFRS 9 (2014), *Financial Instruments* (effective from January 1, 2018). This new standard on financial instruments will eventually replace PAS 39 and PFRS 9 (2009, 2010 and 2013 versions). This standard contains, among others, the following:
- three principal classification categories for financial assets based on the business model on how an entity is managing its financial instruments;
 - an expected loss model in determining impairment of all financial assets that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), which generally depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of a financial asset; and,

- a new model on hedge accounting that provides significant improvements principally by aligning hedge accounting more closely with the risk management activities undertaken by entities when hedging their financial and non-financial risk exposures.

In accordance with the financial asset classification principle of PFRS 9 (2014), a financial asset is classified and measured at amortized cost if the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect the contractual cash flows that represent solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal outstanding. Moreover, a financial asset is classified and subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it meets the SPPI criterion and is held in a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets. All other financial assets are measured at FVTPL.

In addition, PFRS 9 (2014) allows entities to make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity instrument that is not held for trading in other comprehensive income.

The accounting for embedded derivatives in host contracts that are financial assets is simplified by removing the requirement to consider whether or not they are closely related, and, in most arrangements, does not require separation from the host contract.

For liabilities, the standard retains most of the PAS 39 requirements which include amortized cost accounting for most financial liabilities, with bifurcation of embedded derivatives. The amendment also requires changes in the fair value of an entity's own debt instruments caused by changes in its own credit quality to be recognized in other comprehensive income rather than in profit or loss.

The Group does not expect to implement and adopt PFRS 9 (2014) until its effective date. In addition, management is currently assessing the impact of PFRS 9 (2014) on the consolidated financial statements of the Group and it will conduct a comprehensive study of the potential impact of this standard prior to its mandatory adoption date to assess the impact of all changes.

- (xi) Annual Improvements to PFRS. Annual Improvements to PFRS (2010-2012 Cycle) and PFRS (2011-2013 Cycle) effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014, and Annual Improvements to PFRS (2012-2014 Cycle) effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, made minor amendments to a number of PFRS. Among those improvements, the following amendments are relevant to the Group but management does not expect those to have material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements:

Annual Improvements to PFRS (2010-2012 Cycle)

- PAS 16 (Amendment), *Property, Plant and Equipment*, and PAS 38 (Amendment), *Intangible Assets*. The amendments clarify that when an item of property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets is revalued, the gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with a revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset.

- PAS 24 (Amendment), *Related Party Disclosures*. The amendment clarifies that an entity providing key management services to a reporting entity is deemed to be a related party of the latter. It also clarifies that the information required to be disclosed in the financial statements are the amounts incurred by the reporting entity for key management personnel services that are provided by a separate management entity and not the amounts of compensation paid or payable by the management entity to its employees or directors.
- PFRS 13 (Amendment), *Fair Value Measurement*. The amendment in the basis of conclusion of PFRS 13 clarifies that issuing PFRS 13 and amending certain provisions of PFRS 9 and PAS 39 related to discounting of financial instruments did not remove the ability to measure short-term receivables and payables with no stated interest rate on an undiscounted basis, when the effect of not discounting is immaterial.

Annual Improvements to PFRS (2011-2013 Cycle)

- PFRS 13 (Amendment), *Fair Value Measurement*. The amendment clarifies that the scope of the exception for measuring the fair value of a group of financial assets and financial liabilities on a net basis (the portfolio exception) applies to all contracts within the scope of and accounted for in accordance with PAS 39 or PFRS 9, regardless of whether they meet the definition of financial assets or financial liabilities as defined in PAS 32.
- PAS 40 (Amendment), *Investment Property*. The amendment clarifies the interrelationship of PFRS 3 and PAS 40 in determining the classification of property as an investment property or owner-occupied property, and explicitly requires an entity to use judgment in determining whether the acquisition of an investment property is an acquisition of an asset or a group of asset in accordance with PAS 40, or a business combination in accordance with PFRS 3.

Annual Improvements to PFRS (2012-2014 Cycle)

- PFRS 7 (Amendment), *Financial Instruments – Disclosures*. The amendment provides additional guidance to help entities identify the circumstances under which a contract to “service” financial assets is considered to be a continuing involvement in those assets for the purposes of applying the disclosure requirements of PFRS 7. Such circumstances commonly arise when, for example, the servicing is dependent on the amount or timing of cash flows collected from the transferred asset or when a fixed fee is not paid in full due to non-performance of that asset.
- PAS 19 (Amendment), *Employee Benefits*. The amendment clarifies that the currency and term of the high quality corporate bonds which were used to determine the discount rate for post-employment benefit obligations shall be made consistent with the currency and estimated term of the post-employment benefit obligations.

2. RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial risks in relation to financial instruments. The main types of risks are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's risk management is carried out in close cooperation with the BOD, and focuses on actively securing the Group's short to medium term cash flows by minimizing the exposure to financial markets. Long-term financial investments are managed to generate lasting returns.

The Group does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The most relevant financial risks to which the Group is exposed to are described below and in the succeeding pages.

2.1 Market Risk

The Group is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and certain other price risk which result from both its operating, investing and financing activities.

(a) Interest Rate Risk

The Group's policy is to minimize interest rate cash flow risk exposures on cash and cash equivalents. The Group is exposed to changes in market interest rates through short-term placements included as part of Cash and Cash Equivalents account and stocking loans of H.R. Owen presented as Loans Payable and Borrowings, which are subject to variable interest rates, in the consolidated statements of financial position.

The Group keeps placements with fluctuating interest at a minimum while H.R. Owen's stocking loans are secured at any time by fixed and floating charges on stocks of new and demonstrator cars and commercial vehicles held. As such, management believes that its exposure to interest rate risk is immaterial.

(b) *Foreign Currency Risk*

Most of the Group's transactions are carried out in Philippine pesos, its functional currency. Exposures to currency exchange rates arise from the Group's overseas purchases, which is primarily denominated in United States Dollars (USD). The Group also holds USD and GBP denominated cash and cash equivalents and receivables. Further, the Group has AFS financial assets denominated in Malaysian Ringgit (MYR) and GBP.

To mitigate the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, non-Philippine peso cash flows are monitored.

Foreign currency denominated financial assets and financial liabilities, translated into Philippine pesos at the closing rate are as follows:

	July 31, 2015			April 30, 2015		
	USD	MYR	GBP	USD	MYR	GBP
Financial assets	P 6,821,193	P 670,989	P 769,570,179	P 5,138,849	P 12,523,419	P 583,675,723
Financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total net exposure	<u>P 6,821,193</u>	<u>P 670,989</u>	<u>P 769,570,179</u>	<u>P 5,138,849</u>	<u>P 12,523,419</u>	<u>P 583,675,723</u>

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the Group's profit before tax with respect to changes in Philippine peso against USD, MYR and GBP exchange rates. These percentages have been determined based on the average market volatility in exchange rates, using standard deviation, in the previous 12 months, estimated at 95.00% level of confidence. The sensitivity analysis is based on the Group's foreign currency financial instruments held at the end of each reporting period with effect estimated from the beginning of the year.

	July 2015			April 30, 2015		
	Reasonably possible change in rate	Effect in profit before tax	Effect in equity after tax	Reasonably possible change in rate	Effect in profit before tax	Effect in equity after tax
PhP - USD	16.25%	P 1,108,444	P 775,911	16.25%	P 835,063	P 584,544
PhP - MYR	72.15%	484,118	338,883	72.15%	9,035,647	6,324,953
PhP - GBP	60.52%	465,743,872	326,020,711	60.52%	353,240,548	247,268,384
		<u>P 467,336,435</u>	<u>P 327,135,504</u>		<u>P 363,111,258</u>	<u>P 254,177,881</u>

Exposures to foreign exchange rates vary during the year depending on the volume of foreign currency transactions. Nonetheless, the analysis above is considered to be representative of the Group's currency risk.

(c) *Other Price Risk*

The Group's market price risk arises from its investments carried at fair value (financial assets classified as AFS financial assets). The Group manages exposure to price risk by monitoring the changes in the market price of the investments and at some extent, diversifying the investment portfolio in accordance with the limit set by management.

2.2 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty may fail to discharge an obligation to the Group. The Group is exposed to this risk for various financial instruments arising from granting loans and selling goods and services to customers; granting advances to associates; and, placing deposits with banks, lessors and utility companies.

The Group continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties, identified either individually or by group, and incorporate this information into its credit risk controls. The Group's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties. In addition, for a significant proportion of sales, advance payments are received to mitigate credit risk.

Generally, the maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown in the consolidated statements of financial position or in the detailed analysis provided in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, as summarized below.

	<u>July 31 2015</u>	<u>April 30 2015</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	P 947,954,181	P 1,145,905,764
Trade and other receivables – net	2,555,192,540	2,054,851,028
Advances to associates	222,926,627	194,766,627
Other non-current assets	<u>3,243,338</u>	<u>3,060,529</u>
	<u>P 3,729,316,686</u>	<u>P 3,398,583,948</u>

None of the Group's financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements, except for cash and cash equivalents as described below.

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings. Included in the cash and cash equivalents are cash in banks and short-term placements, which are insured by the Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation up to a maximum coverage of P500,000 for every depositor per banking institution.

(b) Trade and Other Receivables – net and Advances to Associates

The Group's trade receivables as at July 31, 2015 and April 30, 2015 are due mainly from customers of H.R. Owen and from PCSO. The Group maintains policies that require appropriate credit checks to be completed on potential customers prior to delivery of goods and services. On-going credit checks are periodically performed on the Group's existing customers to ensure that the credit limits remain at appropriate levels.

The Group mitigates the concentration of its credit risk from its receivables from PCSO by regularly monitoring the age of its receivables from PCSO and ensuring that collections are received within the agreed credit period. These objectives, policies and strategies are consistently applied in the previous year up to the current year. In addition, the risk is reduced to the extent that PCSO has no history of significant defaults and none of the past due receivables are impaired as at the end of the reporting period.

In respect to trade receivables from the customers of H.R. Owen and other receivables and advances to associates, the Group is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The Group's receivables are actively monitored to avoid significant concentrations of credit risk.

(c) Other Non-current Assets

The refundable deposits of the Group under Other Non-Current Assets account in the consolidated statements of financial position pertain to security deposits made to various lessors and utility companies which the Group is not exposed to significant credit risk.

2.3 Liquidity Risk

The ability of the Group to finance increases in assets and meet obligations as they become due is extremely important to the Group's operations. The Group's policy is to maintain liquidity at all times. This policy aims to honor all cash requirements on an on-going basis to avoid raising funds above market rates or through forced sale of assets.

Liquidity risk is also managed by borrowing with a spread of maturity periods. The Group has significant fluctuations in short-term borrowings due to industry specific factors. The Group mitigates any potential liquidity risk through maintaining substantial unutilized banking and used vehicle stocking loan facilities.

As at July 31, 2015 and April 30, 2015, the Group's financial liabilities pertain to Trade and Other Payables, except those tax-related liabilities, and Loans Payable and Borrowings inclusive of future interest. Trade and other payables and loans payable and borrowings are considered to be current which are expected to be settled within 12 months from the end of each reporting period.

3. SEGMENT REPORTING

3.1 Business Segments

The Group is organized into different business units based on its products and services for purposes of management assessment of each unit. In identifying its operating segments, the management generally follows the Group's four service lines. The Group is engaged in the business of Leasing, Services, Holdings and Investments and Motor Vehicle Dealership. Presented below is the basis of the Group in reporting to its strategic steering committee for its strategic decision-making activities.

- (a) The Leasing segment pertains to the lease of on-line lottery equipment, maintenance and repair services, and telecommunication and integration services rendered by the Group to PCSO.
- (b) The Services segment pertains to the hotel operations of PHPI.
- (c) Holdings and Investments segment relates to gains (losses) on disposal of investments and share in net gains (losses) of associates.
- (d) The Motor Vehicle Dealership segment pertains to the luxury motor vehicle retailers and provision of aftersales services of H.R. Owen.

3.2 Segment Assets and Liabilities

Segment assets are allocated based on their physical location and use or direct association with a specific segment. Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and consist principally of operating cash, receivables, advances, inventories and property, plant and equipment, net of allowances and provisions. Similar to segment assets, segment liabilities are also allocated based on their use or direct association with a specific segment. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of accounts, taxes currently payable and accrued liabilities. Segment assets and liabilities do not include deferred taxes.

3.3 Intersegment Transactions

Segment revenues, expenses and performance include sales and purchases between business segments. Such sales and purchases are eliminated in consolidation.

The Group's operating business are organized and managed separately according to the nature of segment accounting policies.

3.4 Analysis of Segment Information

The following tables present revenue and profit information regarding business segments for the years ended July 31, 2015 and April 30, 2015 and certain assets and liabilities information regarding industry segments as at July 31, 2015 and April 30, 2015.

	July 31, 2015					
	Leasing	Services	Holding and Investments	Motor Vehicle Dealership	Elimination	Consolidated
Revenues:						
External	P 441,319,896	P 36,233,948	P 44,687,259	P 6,447,801,576	P -	P 6,970,042,679
Inter-segment	-	-	100,000,000	-	(78,472,546)	21,527,454
Total revenues	<u>P 441,319,896</u>	<u>P 36,233,948</u>	<u>P 144,687,259</u>	<u>P 6,447,801,576</u>	<u>(P 78,472,546)</u>	<u>P 6,991,570,133</u>
Expenses:						
External	P 191,755,233	P 35,878,768	P 10,136,495	P 6,316,626,939	P -	P 6,554,397,435
Inter-segment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenses	<u>P 191,755,233</u>	<u>P 35,878,768</u>	<u>P 10,136,495</u>	<u>P 6,316,626,939</u>	<u>(P -)</u>	<u>P 6,554,397,435</u>
Profit before tax	<u>P 249,564,663</u>	<u>P 355,180</u>	<u>P 134,550,764</u>	<u>P 131,174,637</u>	<u>(P 78,472,546)</u>	<u>P 437,172,698</u>
Net Profit	<u>P 182,193,992</u>	<u>P 238,122</u>	<u>P 123,670,622</u>	<u>P 97,135,966</u>	<u>(P 78,472,546)</u>	<u>P 324,766,156</u>
Segment assets	<u>P 618,503,546</u>	<u>P 784,913,712</u>	<u>P 6,460,762,389</u>	<u>P 7,771,659,728</u>	<u>(P 1,633,063,726)</u>	<u>P 14,002,775,649</u>
Segment liabilities	<u>P 211,427,075</u>	<u>P 782,663,460</u>	<u>P 11,156,608</u>	<u>P 6,307,706,610</u>	<u>(P 771,547,059)</u>	<u>P 6,541,406,694</u>
Other segment items:						
Capital expenditures	<u>P 1,974,421</u>	<u>P 405,333</u>	<u>P -</u>	<u>P 6,700,127</u>	<u>P -</u>	<u>P 9,079,881</u>
Depreciation and amortization	<u>P 31,553,501</u>	<u>P 7,541,097</u>	<u>P 625,301</u>	<u>P 38,537,148</u>	<u>(P -)</u>	<u>P 78,257,047</u>

	April 30, 2015					
	Leasing	Services	Holding and Investments	Motor Vehicle Dealership	Elimination	Consolidated
Revenues:						
External	P 1,672,163,380	P 146,703,351	P 182,935,287	P 24,731,585,604	P -	P 26,733,387,622
Inter-segment	-	-	466,619,424	-	(466,619,424)	-
Total revenues	<u>P 1,672,163,380</u>	<u>P 146,703,351</u>	<u>P 649,554,711</u>	<u>P 24,731,585,604</u>	<u>(P 466,619,424)</u>	<u>P 26,733,387,622</u>
Expenses:						
External	P 713,506,086	P 143,013,254	P 188,962,281	P 24,449,630,983	P -	P 25,495,112,604
Inter-segment	-	456,046	-	113,899	(569,945)	-
Total expenses	<u>P 713,506,086</u>	<u>P 143,469,300</u>	<u>P 188,962,281</u>	<u>P 24,449,744,882</u>	<u>(P 569,945)</u>	<u>P 25,495,112,604</u>
Profit before tax	<u>P 958,657,294</u>	<u>P 3,234,051</u>	<u>P 460,592,430</u>	<u>P 281,840,722</u>	<u>(P 466,049,479)</u>	<u>P 1,238,275,018</u>
Net Profit	<u>P 726,761,282</u>	<u>P 2,312,412</u>	<u>P 479,089,050</u>	<u>P 208,851,758</u>	<u>(P 466,049,479)</u>	<u>P 950,965,023</u>
Segment assets	<u>P 476,903,297</u>	<u>P 795,940,615</u>	<u>P 6,399,823,555</u>	<u>P 7,149,828,762</u>	<u>(P 1,701,723,842)</u>	<u>P 13,120,772,387</u>
Segment liabilities	<u>P 152,020,818</u>	<u>P 793,928,485</u>	<u>P 3,786,784</u>	<u>P 5,839,265,688</u>	<u>(P 770,547,059)</u>	<u>P 6,018,454,716</u>
Other segment items:						
Capital expenditures	<u>P 1,195,599</u>	<u>P 5,218,115</u>	<u>P -</u>	<u>P 286,958,249</u>	<u>P -</u>	<u>P 293,371,963</u>
Depreciation and amortization	<u>P 143,186,582</u>	<u>P 32,089,093</u>	<u>P 2,501,204</u>	<u>P 141,906,242</u>	<u>(P 456,046)</u>	<u>P 319,227,075</u>

Currently, the Group's operation has two geographical segments: London, England for the motor dealership segment and all other segments are in the Philippines.

4. CATEGORIES AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

4.1 Carrying Amounts and Fair Values by Category

The carrying amounts and fair values of the categories of assets and liabilities presented in the consolidated statements of financial position are shown below.

	July 31, 2015		April 30, 2015	
	Carrying Values	Fair Values	Carrying Values	Fair Values
Financial assets				
Loans and receivables:				
Cash and cash equivalents	P 947,954,181	P 947,954,181	P 1,145,905,764	P 1,145,905,764
Trade and other receivables - net	2,555,192,540	2,555,192,540	2,054,851,028	2,054,851,028
Advances to associates	222,926,627	222,926,627	194,766,627	194,766,627
Other non-current assets	3,243,338	3,243,338	3,060,529	3,060,529
	<u>P 3,729,316,686</u>	<u>P 3,729,316,686</u>	<u>P 3,398,583,948</u>	<u>P 3,398,583,948</u>
AFS financial assets	<u>P 1,072,922,960</u>	<u>P 1,072,922,960</u>	<u>P 1,130,764,251</u>	<u>P 1,130,764,251</u>
Financial Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:				
Loans payable and borrowings	P 3,707,261,548	P 3,707,261,548	P 3,047,352,561	P 3,047,352,561
Trade and other payables	2,591,870,524	2,591,870,524	2,564,634,735	2,564,634,735
	<u>P 6,299,132,072</u>	<u>P 6,299,132,072</u>	<u>P 5,611,987,296</u>	<u>P 5,611,987,296</u>

BERJAYA PHILIPPINES INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
ATTACHMENTS TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SUPPORTING SCHEDULES
AS OF JULY 31, 2015

Schedule 1 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

	<u>July 31, 2015</u>	<u>April 30, 2015</u>
Cash on hand and in banks	P 620,091,229	P 906,259,596
Short-term placements	<u>327,862,952</u>	<u>239,646,168</u>
	<u>P 947,954,181</u>	<u>P 1,145,905,764</u>

Schedule 2 - Trade and Other Receivables

	<u>July 31, 2015</u>	<u>April 30, 2015</u>
Trade	P 788,397,511	P 610,673,921
Loans receivable	730,439,857	719,263,023
Payment for future acquisition of investments	899,012,786	613,705,792
Advances to officers and employees	5,204,943	5,215,742
Other receivables	<u>143,983,599</u>	<u>150,934,646</u>
	2,567,038,696	2,182,076,580
Allowance for impairment	(<u>11,846,156</u>)	(<u>11,921,969</u>)
	<u>P2,555,192,540</u>	<u>P2,170,154,611</u>

Schedule 3 - Inventories

	<u>July 31, 2015</u>	<u>April 30, 2015</u>
Vehicles	P4,885,325,688	P 4,280,622,215
Parts and components	213,123,980	184,664,364
Spare parts and accessories	27,119,210	24,708,815
Work in progress	29,920,642	11,062,701
Hotel supplies	<u>7,518,668</u>	<u>7,816,590</u>
	P5,163,008,188	P4,508,874,685
Allowance for inventory writedown	(<u>149,856,228</u>)	(<u>135,846,187</u>)
	<u>P 5,013,151,960</u>	<u>P4,373,028,498</u>

Schedule 4 – Prepayments and other current assets

	<u>July 31, 2015</u>	<u>April 30, 2015</u>
Prepaid expenses	P 401,430,761	P 306,442,912
Prepaid taxes	89,297,935	120,206,357
Refundable deposits	93,491,201	128,330,324
Advance rental	47,000,740	36,295,768
Input VAT	29,970,031	24,331,597
Creditable withholding tax	2,808,667	2,379,014
Other current assets	<u>15,544,215</u>	<u>18,933,540</u>
	679,543,550	636,919,512
Allowance for impairment	(9,375,000)	(9,375,000)
	<u>P 670,168,550</u>	<u>P 627,544,512</u>

Schedule 5 - Available-for-Sale Financial Assets

	<u>July 31, 2015</u>	<u>April 30, 2015</u>
Equity securities	P 907,427,378	P 936,017,021
Loan stocks	155,452,794	182,061,693
Warrants	<u>10,042,788</u>	<u>12,685,537</u>
	<u>P1,072,922,960</u>	<u>P1,130,764,251</u>

Schedule 6 – Property and Equipment

	<u>July 31, 2015</u>	<u>April 30, 2015</u>
Computers and on-line Lottery Equipment	P1,463,489,341	P1,464,373,633
Buildings	720,291,386	720,291,386
Transportation Equipment	47,921,590	47,921,590
Workshop equipment	481,358,464	455,554,914
Office, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	39,398,007	37,487,189
Hotel and Kitchen Equipment and Utensils	12,194,880	12,105,408
Communication Equipment	3,782,237	3,782,237
Leasehold Improvements	996,315,985	960,063,243
Land	<u>93,090,522</u>	<u>89,343,937</u>
Total	P3,857,842,412	P 3,790,923,537
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(2,466,352,251)	(2,358,565,657)
Net Carrying Ammount	<u>P 1,391,490,161</u>	<u>P 1,432,357,880</u>

Schedule 7 – Investments in and Advances to Associates

	<u>PLPI</u>	<u>BPPI</u>	<u>BAPI</u>	<u>CPI</u>	<u>Total</u>
<i>January 31, 2015</i>					
Investment:					
Acquisition costs					
Initial investment	P 7,999,997	P 61,400,000	P 62,700,000	P 399,996	P 132,499,993
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>7,999,997</u>	<u>61,400,000</u>	<u>62,700,000</u>	<u>399,996</u>	<u>132,499,993</u>
Additional interest					
Deposits for future stock subscription	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated equity share in net profit (losses)					
Share in net profit (losses) in prior years	32,680,551 (61,400,000)	113,388,214 (399,996)	84,268,769
Share in net profit (losses) during the year	<u>123,703</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,403,751</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,527,454</u>
	<u>32,804,254 (</u>	<u>61,400,000)</u>	<u>134,791,965 (</u>	<u>399,996)</u>	<u>105,796,223</u>
Total investments in associates	40,804,251	-	197,491,965	-	238,296,216
Advances	<u>31,683,131</u>	<u>189,320,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,923,496</u>	<u>222,926,627</u>
	<u>P 72,487,382</u>	<u>P 189,320,000</u>	<u>P 197,491,965</u>	<u>P 1,923,496</u>	<u>P 461,222,843</u>

	<u>PLPI</u>	<u>BPPI</u>	<u>BAPI</u>	<u>CPI</u>	<u>Total</u>
<i>April 30, 2015</i>					
Investment:					
Acquisition costs					
Initial investment	P 399,997	P 26,000,000	P 62,700,000	P 399,996	P 89,499,993
Reclassification	<u>7,600,000</u>	<u>35,400,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>43,000,000</u>
	<u>7,999,997</u>	<u>61,400,000</u>	<u>62,700,000</u>	<u>399,996</u>	<u>132,499,993</u>
Additional interest					
Deposits for future stock subscription	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated equity share in net profit (losses)					
Share in net profit (losses) in prior years	31,864,901 (61,400,000)	43,981,290 (399,996)	14,046,195
Share in net profit (losses) during the year	<u>815,650</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>69,406,924</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>70,222,574</u>
	<u>32,680,551 (</u>	<u>61,400,000)</u>	<u>113,388,214 (</u>	<u>399,996)</u>	<u>84,268,769</u>
Total investments in associates	40,680,548	-	176,088,214	-	216,768,762
Advances	<u>31,683,131</u>	<u>161,360,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,723,496</u>	<u>194,766,627</u>
	<u>P 72,363,679</u>	<u>P 161,360,000</u>	<u>P 176,088,214</u>	<u>P 1,723,496</u>	<u>P 411,535,389</u>

Schedule 8 – Intangible Assets

	<u>July 31, 2015</u>	<u>April 30, 2015</u>
Goodwill	P 1,139,553,286	P1,108,183,290
Dealership rights	<u>736,412,676</u>	<u>706,774,509</u>
	<u>P 1,875,965,962</u>	<u>P1,814,957,799</u>

Schedule 9 – Trade and Other Payables

	<u>July 31, 2015</u>	<u>April 30, 2015</u>
Trade payables	P1,048,679,052	P 1,138,358,267
Advances from customers	924,072,033	1,034,541,914
Accrued expenses	444,064,285	288,852,444
Withholding taxes payable	19,454,290	220,019,805
Management fee payable	20,991,000	16,585,379
Deferred output VAT	14,650,352	12,857,309
Due to a related party	785,114	549,333
Other payables	<u>119,174,398</u>	<u>86,296,731</u>
	<u>P2,591,870,524</u>	<u>P2,798,061,182</u>

Schedule 10 – Loans Payables and Borrowings

	<u>July 31, 2015</u>	<u>April 30, 2015</u>
Manufacturers' vehicle stocking loans	P 2,911,282,319	P 2,266,443,843
Other third party vehicle stocking loans	511,304,829	780,908,718
Bank loans and mortgages	<u>284,674,400</u>	-
	<u>P 3,707,261,547</u>	<u>P3,047,352,561</u>

BERJAYA PHILIPPINES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(Formerly Prime Gaming Philippines, Inc. and Subsidiaries)
[A Subsidiary of Berjaya Lottery Management (HK) Limited]
Financial Indicators and KPI Ratios for Additional Reporting to the SEC :

	Consolidated Unaudited 31.07.2015	Consolidated Unaudited 30.04.2015	Consolidated Unaudited 31.07.2014
1 Current Ratio	1.42	1.41	1.40
Current Assets	9,278,033,858	8,380,040,012	7,678,843,803
Current Liabilities	6,541,406,694	5,926,363,722	5,496,477,707
2 Quick Ratio	0.65	0.68	0.67
Current Assets less Inventories	4,264,881,898	4,007,011,514	3,666,232,842
Inventories	5,013,151,960	4,373,028,498	4,012,610,961
Current Liabilities	6,541,406,694	5,926,363,722	5,496,477,707
3 Debt to Equity Ratio	0.61%	0.67%	0.76%
Long term Debt	45,638,380	47,723,880	50,336,195
Stockholders' Equity	7,461,368,955	7,102,317,671	6,663,265,093
4 Debt to Asset Ratio	0.33%	0.36%	0.41%
Long term Debt	45,638,380	47,723,880	50,336,195
Total Assets	14,002,775,649	13,120,772,387	12,271,321,055
5 Book Value per Share	8.59	8.18	7.65
Weighted Average number of BPI shares	868,256,171	868,256,171	870,822,838
6 PPE Turnover			
Net revenues/ PPE (in times)	4.95	18.48	4.57
Annualized	19.79	18.48	18.28
7 Return on Average Equity			
Net income/average equity	4.35%	13.39%	3.34%
Annualized	17.41%	13.39%	13.38%
8 Return on Average Assets			
Net income/ave. total assets	2.32%	7.25%	1.82%
Annualized	9.28%	7.25%	7.26%
Net revenues	6,884,399,609	26,467,910,569	6,458,277,948
Plant, prop and equipment	1,391,490,161	1,432,357,880	1,413,314,534
Total assets	14,002,775,649	13,120,772,387	12,271,321,055
Net income	324,766,156	950,965,023	222,812,413
To annualize	4	1	4

BERJAYA PHILIPPINES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(Formerly Prime Gaming Philippines, Inc. and Subsidiaries)
[A Subsidiary of Berjaya Lottery Management (HK) Limited]

Annex B

1. Aging of Accounts Receivables as of 31 Jul 2015

Type of Accounts Receivables	Neither Past Due nor Impaired	Past Due not Impaired			Past Due Accts & Items in Litigation	Total
		61-90 days	91-120 days	Over 180 days		
	(Peso)		(Peso)	(Peso)	(Peso)	(Peso)
a) <u>Trade Receivables</u>						
1) PCSO	144,185,395	-	-	-	-	144,185,395
2) Guest/City Ledger	3,874,274	-	-	-	-	3,874,274
3) Vehicle Debtor	628,491,686	-	-	11,846,156	-	640,337,842
3) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	776,551,355	-	-	11,846,156	-	788,397,511
Less: Allow. For Doubtful Acct.	11,846,156	-	-	-	-	11,846,156
Net Trade receivable	764,705,199	-	-	11,846,156	-	776,551,355
b) <u>Non - Trade Receivables</u>						
1) Loans Receivables	11,176,834	-	-	719,263,023	-	730,439,857
2) Advances for stock subscription	203,023,538	-	-	695,989,248	-	899,012,786
3) Payment to other related parties	488,593	-	-	-	-	488,593
4) Advances to employees	5,204,943	-	-	-	-	5,204,943
5) Other Receivables	143,495,006	-	-	-	-	143,495,006
Subtotal	363,388,914	-	-	1,415,252,271	-	1,778,641,185
Less: Allow. For Doubtful Acct.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Non - trade receivable	363,388,914	-	-	1,415,252,271	-	1,778,641,185
Net Receivables (a + b)	1,128,094,113	-	-	1,427,098,427	-	2,555,192,540

Notes:

If the Company's collection period does not match with the above schedule, a revision is necessary to make the schedule not misleading.
The proposed collection period in this schedule may be changed to appropriately reflect the Company's actual collection period.

2. Accounts Receivable Description

Type of Receivables	Nature/Description	Collection/Liquidation Period
Trade Receivables		
1) PCSO	gross receipt from lottery ticket sales	30-60 days
2) Guest/City Ledger	rooms revenue and sale of food and beverages	30-60 days
3) Vehicle Debtor	sale of vehicles, parts and accessories and servicing and body shop sales	30-60 days
Notes:		
To indicate a brief description of the nature and collection period of each receivable accounts with major balances or separate receivable captions, both the trade and non - trade accounts.		

3. Normal Operating Cycle:

365 days

	USD	MYR	GBP
Financial Assets			
Cash & Cash equivalents-PGMC	5,103,532		
Cash & Cash equivalents-BPI	1,708,174		
Deposit to InterPac	9,487	670,989	949,299
Deposit to Tormen			676,101,700
Deposit to RBW			92,519,180
HRO Assets			7,771,659,728
	6,821,193	670,989	8,541,229,907
Financial Liabilities			
Trade Payables-ILTS	-		
HRO Liabilities			(6,307,706,610)
	-	-	(6,307,706,610)
Total net exposure	6,821,193	670,989	2,233,523,297

	Reasonably possible change in rate	Effect in PBT	Effect in Equity after Tax
Php-USD	16.25%	1,108,444	775,911
Php-MYR	72.15%	484,118	338,883
Php-GBP	60.52%	1,351,728,299	946,209,809
		1,353,320,862	947,324,603

Cash and Cash equivalents	947,954,181
Trade & Other Receivables	2,555,192,540
Advances to Associates	222,926,627
Other Non Current Assets	3,243,338
	3,729,316,686

SEGMENT REPORTING

31-Jul-15

	Leasing	Service	Holdings & Investments	Automotive	Elimination	Group
Revenue						
External	441,319,896	36,233,948	44,687,259	6,447,801,576		6,970,042,679
Inter-Segment			100,000,000		(78,472,546)	21,527,454
	441,319,896	36,233,948	144,687,259	6,447,801,576	(78,472,546)	6,991,570,133
Expenses						
External	191,755,233	35,878,768	10,136,495	6,316,626,939		6,554,397,435
Inter-Segment						-
	191,755,233	35,878,768	10,136,495	6,316,626,939	-	6,554,397,435
Profit before Tax	249,564,663	355,180	134,550,764	131,174,637	(78,472,546)	437,172,698
Net Profit	182,193,992	238,122	123,670,622	97,135,966	(78,472,546)	324,766,156
Segment Assets	618,503,546	784,913,712	6,460,762,389	7,771,659,728	(1,633,063,726)	14,002,775,649
Segment Liabilities	211,427,075	782,663,460	11,156,608	6,307,706,610	(771,547,059)	6,541,406,694
Capital Expenditures	1,974,421	405,333		6,700,127		9,079,881
Depreciation & Amortization	31,553,501	7,541,097	625,301	38,537,148		78,257,047